



Mortgage & Protection

news

The newsletter from Middleton Finance

More than 2.6 million* mortgage borrowers have never experienced an environment where the Bank Rate has risen!

» The increase in the Bank of England's Bank Rate from 0.25% to 0.5% is the first such rise since July 2007. Back then, the rate hit 5.75%, although, for much of the following decade the Bank Rate did sit at 0.5%. (Source: Bank of England, November 2017)

So it's not panic stations, and the Bank of England regularly says that any rise would be measured, and increase slowly over time. However, it does signal intent and will be a concern for some, such as the 4 million or so* on a variable rate with their lender, who may see a rise in their monthly payments.

The Budget - Stamp Duty

Elsewhere, the chancellor announced in the Budget in November 2017 that **stamp duty for first-time buyers** will be abolished on all purchases up to £300,000.** For first-time buyers of homes worth between £300,001 and £500,000, they too will not pay stamp duty on the first £300,000, but will pay it on the price above that. There will be no relief though for first-timers buying a property over £500,000. Also, the government intends to help deliver 300,000 net additional new homes per year, on average, by the mid-2020s.

** Immediately applicable in England, Wales & N. Ireland.



Here to help

The importance of Advice

In short, the Bank Rate rise and Budget announcements are simply further aspects to consider amongst the ongoing issues of Brexit, rising inflation, the value of the pound, house price moves and the overall economic conditions for the UK.

Of course, you may be perfectly happy with your current situation and the deal that you're on. Additionally, you may have one or more protection policies in place to ensure that you (and your family) are in a good position should the unexpected occur.

However, for others these events may be a wake-up call, which prompts the need to have a conversation, such as:

1. You're approaching the **end of your mortgage deal period**, and want to chat through the options, and perhaps consider one of the current deals on offer.
2. You might simply want to **change your existing arrangement**, possibly to raise further funds, or feel that it may be financially beneficial (even when factoring

in any applicable early repayment charges).

3. A house move may be on the cards, and you might require a larger mortgage.

4. You may be one of the 3-4 million*** sitting on your lender's **Standard Variable Rate**, and could want to act, or perhaps feel (possibly wrongly) that you may not meet the current affordability criteria.

5. You're a **first-time buyer** who has saved up a deposit, and is keen to jump onto the property ladder, and perhaps take advantage of the stamp duty changes.

6. Or you're a **landlord** - or prospective one - in which case it would be wise to talk to us, as so much is occurring in this sector.

Talk to us to find out more.

You may have to pay an early repayment charge to your existing lender if you remortgage.

HM Revenue & Customs practice and the law relating to taxation are complex and subject to individual circumstances and changes which cannot be foreseen.

(Sources: * UK Finance, Nov. '17; *** Which.co.uk, March '17)

Middleton Finance

Inglenook, The Nook
Stoney Middleton
Hope Valley, Derbyshire S32 4TU

Tel: 01246 749400

Email: daniel@middletonfinance.co.uk

Web: www.middletonfinance.co.uk

■ Daniel Bailey trading as Middleton Finance is an appointed representative of Advance Mortgage Funding Limited trading as Pink Home Loans (Pink) which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Pink is only responsible for the service and quality of advice provided to you in relation to mortgages, protection insurance and general insurance products. Any other product or service offered by Middleton Finance may not be the responsibility of Pink and may also not be subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority.

■ This firm usually charges a fee for mortgage advice. The amount of the fee will depend upon your circumstances and will be discussed and agreed with you at the earliest opportunity.

■ **Your property may be repossessed if you do not keep up repayments on your mortgage.**



Ready, Steady...

Over the last 12 months, the number of people remortgaging has been higher than any period since late 2009.

(Source: UK Finance, October 2017)

» Even with the Bank Rate rise, there are still some decent deals on offer, possibly partly driven by lender appetite to compete for your business.

Ready to remortgage?

There are numerous reasons why you might decide that remortgaging is now desirable:

Home improvements - You may have had enough of holding back on your spending over the last few years and want, or need to undertake some of the bigger jobs around your home that you've put off.

Also, you may recognise that in addition to creating a better living environment, it could add value to your property.

Securing a better deal - If you are coming towards the end of your deal period, you may be pleasantly surprised when you see what's on offer, even though some lenders have upped their rates on selected deals. If it works out better for you, then you could even consider maintaining your current payments, which should help you along the way to paying off your mortgage sooner than expected.

Or you might already be sitting on your lender's Standard Variable Rate (SVR), in which case you'll be paying out a lot more for your loan. In some cases, there will be people who feel that they wouldn't meet the stringent requirements to secure a new deal. That may be the case, but just as easily it may not. Additionally, certain things could

now be working in your favour, such as your property being worth more.

Change the nature of your deal

- You may want to look at taking out a fixed rate deal (where the interest rate remains the same across the loan deal period), should you be concerned about future rate rises.

Alternatively, you may decide that you want a different length of deal term - shorter, to give you greater flexibility and avoid the more onerous early repayment charges, or longer to help you to budget better across the next 5+ years.

Or, you may currently sit on an 'interest-only' deal, and need to consider if the discipline of a 'repayment' mortgage is now a better option - where you'll be paying more, as part of the capital will be paid off as you go along. Check out the mortgage calculator to see how this may pan out.

But it's simply too much hassle

- You may not have a great desire to sift through the numerous lenders, their equally extensive range of product choices, and then try meet their affordability criteria.

That's where we can help, as we can hold your hand through this process, and hopefully make it easier for you.

You may have to pay an early repayment charge to your existing lender if you remortgage.

■ **Your property may be repossessed if you do not keep up repayments on your mortgage.**

Mortgage Calculator

- could it work for you?

Monthly payments for a mortgage per £1,000 borrowed over 25 years

Interest rate %	Interest-only* £	Repayment £
0.25	0.21	3.44
0.50	0.42	3.55
1.00	0.83	3.77
1.50	1.25	4.00
2.00	1.67	4.24
2.50	2.08	4.49
3.00	2.50	4.74
3.50	2.92	5.01
4.00	3.33	5.28
4.50	3.75	5.56
5.00	4.17	5.85
5.50	4.58	6.14
6.00	5.00	6.44
6.50	5.42	6.75
7.00	5.83	7.07

Here's how to use the mortgage payments calculator: A £100,000 mortgage over 25 years, charged at a 2% interest rate would cost 100 x £4.24 (for Repayment) = £424 per month.

* Excludes any payments to a separate savings scheme, to help pay off the capital amount borrowed.
This calculator only provides a guide to monthly payments and does not guarantee eligibility for a mortgage. The actual amounts that you may have to pay may be more or less than the figures shown. Please contact us for a personalised illustration.

Check your Credit Rating

Your personal credit rating will have an impact on loan decisions taken by the lenders, so it makes sense to keep on top of it.

» The role of a credit score is to try to predict your future behaviour, which means that people who have a poor score may suffer, as can those who have no credit history at all! Each time you apply for credit, this might be recorded on the files held by the credit reference agencies:

Callcredit - Tel: 0330 024 7574 - www.callcredit.co.uk

As every lender has its own 'perfect customer' profile, a rejection from one isn't necessarily a rejection from all. By talking to us we'll have a better feel for items which may score you down and where you might get a more favourable response for credit. We should also be able to limit the number of applications made - since too many could result in a lower score.

Experian - Tel: 0800 013 88 88 - www.experian.co.uk
Equifax - Tel: 0800 014 2955 - www.equifax.co.uk



Cherish & Protect

The benefit to you of securing a **mortgage** loan is patently obvious at the outset. The funds will allow you to either buy, or remain in your home. Conversely, it's most likely that you'll only see the 'pay-out' benefits of taking out a **protection** policy somewhat down the line - if at all.

» The upshot of this is that you may think it's something that you can put aside to come back to when the issue seems more pressing. But unfortunately, that may then be too late.

It's often said about protection policies that: *Surely it's better to have something in place and hopefully not need it, than to need something and unfortunately not have it.*

Many, but perhaps not enough, take on board this advice, as the protection industry is awash with real-life scenarios. These demonstrate that for those with a policy in place, it may have assisted a bereaved family, and kept a roof over their head, or perhaps helped a planholder to get back on their feet after a serious illness or injury.

As for what to opt for, there isn't really a one-size fits all type of product offering, but broadly and simplistically, there are three key strands to consider:

- Life Assurance that pays out a lump sum when you die.
- Critical Illness cover that pays out a lump sum when you have a specified serious illness.
- And Income Protection that pays you a regular amount when you can't work due to illness or injury.

Of course, in reality it's far more complex than that, and you're faced by a multitude of insurers, with varying plans and numerous options within that. And do remember, you need to be honest when applying at the outset regarding any health issues.

Added value benefits...

The industry recognises that a payout upon claiming may be the initial driver in setting up a policy. But it's also aware that there is a real benefit - for both the insured and the insurer - if a relationship is maintained throughout the term of the policy, as reflected by the following examples:

- Incentives to keep healthy - including discounts off health club membership.
- Specialist support - GP/nurse helplines, telephone counselling, carer support services, consumer rights, debt management advice, early intervention and rehabilitation services and so on.
- The introduction of wearable technology - reinforcing a healthier lifestyle.

Some of the above may help you on the road to recovery, or to adopt a healthier lifestyle. Please get in touch to hear more. As with all insurance policies, terms, conditions and exclusions will apply.

FAMILY PLANNING

The following are two key considerations that can work alongside your Will.

Trust Planning

A Trust is a legal arrangement that can help ensure that **life policies**, for example, are paid out speedily to the beneficiaries. This would mean that there's one less issue to worry about at a difficult time for the family.

A Trust can also be used to protect beneficiaries who might be too young to handle their affairs.

Consider the children

If a Guardianship arrangement is not in place to protect young children - and both parents were to sadly die at the same time - then the children may have to go into care!

The simplest way to protect against this is through a Will, or by having a Guardianship letter in place, both of which will set out your wishes, and whom you want to appoint as a guardian.

Similar issues may occur if a couple aren't married, where the mother dies and she hasn't previously granted parental rights.

Not all protection policies should be written in Trust, so do take advice. The Financial Conduct Authority does not regulate Will writing or Trust advice.

Protection claims Paid Out in 2016

LIFE COVER

- 99.5% of all Life claims
- Average payout of: £75,000 (term) £4,750 (whole of life)

CRITICAL ILLNESS

- 92.2% of all Critical Illness claims
- Average payout of £67,700

INCOME PROTECTION

- 84.7% of all Income Protection claims
- Average payout over time of £32,000

(Source: Association of British Insurers, latest annual data, May 2017 release)

Much has occurred in recent years to support the First-Time Buyer such as a low interest rate environment, the Bank of Mum & Dad, various government schemes, and most recently, the abolishment of Stamp Duty for some.*



First-Time Buyers

» This has helped to drive up the share of first-time buyers from 36% a decade ago to an estimated 47% of all house purchases financed by a mortgage in 2017. (Source: Halifax, July 2017 release)

Bank of Mum & Dad (plus family & friends)

In fact, in 2017, parents, family and friends are expected to provide a massive £6.5bn to help their loved ones get onto the property ladder. A contribution that supports close to 300,000 property purchases, equating to an average of over £21,000 per home!

(Source: Legal & General, Bank of Mum & Dad report 2017)

However, not all first-time buyers will benefit from this, and most may still have to address the stamp duty and deposit costs, quite apart from jumping through the affordability hoops to secure a suitable mortgage loan. This is where we can help.

Government initiatives and market deals

As you may know, there are numerous government schemes across the UK to assist first-time buyers. Generally, they open up the opportunity to secure a property for possibly a smaller deposit (around 5%), or may offer a discounted purchase price. Understandably, there are various rules regarding eligibility, with certain strings attached.

STAMP DUTY CHANGES*

Following the Autumn Budget, there is now relief from stamp duty payments for first-time buyers if the purchase price is £500,000 or less. If it's £500,001+, then you still operate under the standard residential stamp duty rules:

Stamp duty is charged on the proportion of the price that sits in a band

Purchase price band	Standard rates for a residential property	NEW RATES for First-Time buyers
Up to £125,000	0%	0%
£125,001 - £250,000	2%	0%
£250,001 - £300,000	5%	0%
£300,001 - £500,000	5%	5%
£500,001 - £925,000	5%	5%
£925,001 - £1.5m	10%	10%
Above £1.5m	12%	12%

If, for example, you bought a property for anything from £300,001 - £500,000, the saving against the old rules would be £5,000. Against the £208,000 price of the average first-time buyer property there would be a saving of £1,660.

(Source: HM Treasury, Autumn Budget, November 2017)

Additionally, a less complicated approach may be to try to access some of the higher loan-to-value deals available in the wider marketplace, assuming the borrower can meet the deposit and affordability criteria.

Low(ish) interest rate environment

With the first Bank Rate rise in over 10 years, the hunt for a suitable deal may become harder should lenders start to pull back from offering the lower deposit requirement deals, or start upping their interest rates.

Of course, as we mention elsewhere the current Bank Rate of 0.5% (at the time of writing) is a long way off from the last rise in the Bank Rate to 5.75% back in July 2007.

So let's consider this 5.25% spread (0.5% vs. 5.75%) and what it equates to in purely interest costs (quite apart from paying off any of the capital). Against the average first-time buyer loan of £140,000, it would result in paying out an extra £613 a month back in 2007!

This amply demonstrates that we still live in a 'low-interest rate' environment, even if there have been some increases. However, as the options on offer can be complex, it makes sense to take advice.

Please talk to us to see if we can help you (or a family member) step onto the property-owning ladder.

HM Revenue & Customs practice and the law relating to taxation are complex and subject to individual circumstances and changes which cannot be foreseen.

** Immediately applicable in England, Wales & N. Ireland, but it's a Scottish government decision for Scotland.*

■ Your property may be repossessed if you do not keep up repayments on your mortgage.

This firm usually charges a fee for mortgage advice. The amount of the fee will depend upon your circumstances and will be discussed and agreed with you at the earliest opportunity.

■ The contents of this newsletter are believed to be correct at the date of publication (December 2017).

■ Every care is taken that the information in the *Mortgage & Protection News* publication is accurate at the time of going to press. However, all information and figures are subject to change and you should always make enquiries and check details and, where necessary, seek legal advice before entering into any transaction.

■ The information in this newsletter is of a general nature. You should seek professional advice tailored to your needs and circumstances before making any decisions.